1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
2	FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION		
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4	LA UNION DEL PUEBLO ENTERO, . ET AL, .		
5	PLAINTIFFS, . DOCKET NO. 5:21-CV-844-XR		
6	vs DOCKET NO. 5:21-CV-844-XR . AND 5:21-CV-1223-XR GREGORY W. ABBOTT, ET AL, .		
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8	DEFENDANTS		
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10	TRANSCRIPT OF STATUS CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE HONORABLE XAVIER RODRIGUEZ UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE JANUARY 11, 2022		
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19		UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS
20		SAN ANIONIO, IERAS
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1 (San Antonio, Texas; January 11, 2022, at 10:30 a.m., via 2 Zoom videoconference.) THE COURT: Good morning. Let's call 21 civil 1223, 3 4 Longoria versus Paxton, along with 21 civil 844, LUPE versus 5 Texas. First of all, before I ask for appearances, I'd ask 6 7 that everybody check their microphones to make sure you're 8 muted. We have a large number of individuals here. 9 We have more than 60 lawyers and participants here, 10 so to avoid feedback if you will mute your microphones unless 11 you will be speaking. 12 We are in the brand new courthouse for San Antonio 13 and this is our second week of experimenting with the new 14 technology, so I've been in here a few minutes early trying to 15 make sure that everything is in working order. 16 Let me stop here and double check with the court 17 reporter. 18 (Off the record discussion) 19 THE COURT: Let me ask for appearances. 20 Who is the lead attorney for Longoria? 21 MR. MORALES-DOYLE: Sean Morales-Doyle for the 22 Brennan Center for Justice on behalf of Isabel Longoria as a 23 plaintiff in the Longoria versus Paxton matter, Your Honor. 24 THE COURT: Thank you. 25 Who is the lead for the State?

1 MR. SWEETEN: William Thompson will be addressing the 2 motion. This is Patrick Sweeten. And on for the State also 3 is Jeff White. 4 So I'll let Mr. Thompson address the Court. 5 THE COURT: Thank you. 6 Who is the lead attorneys for the plaintiffs in the 7 consolidated matters? MS. PERALES: Your Honor, good morning. 8 9 This is Nina Perales for the LUPE plaintiffs, 10 however, this morning we are going to have various different 11 counsel addressing the different issues that are before the 12 Court, and I would ask the Court to allow other counsel who 13 will be speaking today to introduce themselves. 14 THE COURT: Thank you. 15 And the lead for the United States. 16 This is Dan Freeman on behalf of the MR. FREEMAN: 17 United States. Dana Paikowsky from my office will be 18 addressing the consolidation motion. 19 THE COURT: Thank you. 20 So when an attorney does speak if you will clearly 21 identify yourself before speaking, that way the court reporter 22 is able to get a clear record. 23 So let's tackle some housekeeping matters first. 24 We had a motion for leave to file an amicus brief by 25 John Ashcroft, the Secretary of State for the State of

1 Missouri. Some of the litigants in the consolidated matter 2 has opposed that filing of the amicus brief.

I have considered the matter. The motion for leave to file amicus is denied. There's very little need to have a non-Texas entity raise issues in this case. And more importantly, the amicus — amici — I'm not sure which is the proper word here — appears to be asserting positions that are in contrast to what the State of Texas has previously argued in the past.

So in past matters alleging discrimination the State of Texas has argued that we can't be looking at old matters, that we can only be looking at new, relatively, evidence on discrimination, that we shouldn't be looking at the past.

And I'm not sure exactly where the State of Texas argues the past is and where the present is, but the amicus in this case seems to argue that we should be looking at Tammany Hall for evidence of voting fraud. So it's, frankly, very inconsistent and contradictory positions taken here.

So the motion for leave to file amicus brief is denied. That takes care of Docket Number 171, which moots the motion to appear pro hac vice for Mark Hearne, Docket Number 165, which also moots the motion to appear by Stephen Davis, Docket 166, and finally the motion to appear by John Ashcroft is also mooted, 167.

So with that taken up we now move to the State's

1 opposed motion to consolidate cases along with an opposed 2 motion to stay. 3 So Longoria now has filed a separate lawsuit. And 4 the argument from the State is that we should consolidate that 5 matter into the consolidated cases. Longoria argues that these are distinct issues. 6 7 I want to make sure I understand the Longoria position here, and so let's hear from Longoria's attorneys. 8 9 In the Longoria matter what is it specifically -- and 10 let me start here by saying this. In the Longoria case the 11 relief that you may be seeking in that case, I want to make 12 sure, is just regarding election officials, correct? 13 MR. MORALES-DOYLE: Election officials and public 14 officials, Your Honor. 15 So we represent both Isabel Longoria, who is the 16 elections administrator for Harris County, and Cathy Morgan 17 who is a volunteer deputy registrar in Travis and Williamson Counties. 18 19 So, yes, election officials and public officials. 20 THE COURT: And I want to make sure I understand what 21 your client is trying to get relief for. So what is it your 22 clients specifically want to do that you believe SB 1 or 23 Election Code 31 prohibits? 24 MR. MORALES-DOYLE: A variety of — sorry. I'm getting a little bit of feedback. I apologize.

Essentially our clients want to be able to properly advise and encourage voters to use whatever methods to allow them to use to exercise their right to vote. And that includes, for some voters, the opportunity to cast their ballot by mail, which in Texas requires each year applying to vote by mail.

And you know, the ways in which they encourage voters to do that vary. In their declarations they give some examples.

Miss Longoria often attends events where she provides information about mail voting to voters, does paid advertising and promotion in advance of election to encourage voters to exercise their right to vote and advises voters both, at sort of events like that, and on a one-on-one basis, their options for casting their ballots, including the need to apply to vote by mail each year.

And so I say there are a variety of things that each of our clients would plan to do as they are — as they have set out in their declarations, unwilling to do now for fear that they might be prosecuted or sued for engaging in those activities.

THE COURT: So Mr. Thompson, I'm assuming you are arguing, since you get all the hard matters.

The election code, as I understand this here, the Secretary of State can post on the Secretary of State website

the various frequently asked questions and answer them, and 1 2 state in the website, and I think it does, as a matter of 3 public record if you look at the Secretary of State's website, 4 that the website identifies who is eliqible to vote by mail 5 and how to do so. 6 Does SB 1 prohibit an election official or a public 7 official from publishing the same information on their own 8 websites? 9 MR. THOMPSON: Well, Your Honor, with the caveat that 10 I'm just getting into this issue since it was asserted last 11 week, my understanding is that the local officials I believe 12 are allowed to publish information on their websites that 13 matches what the secretary publishes on his website. 14 THE COURT: So now apart from the website, if they go 15 to a public gathering, can they say — can they just hand out 16 a printout of that website? 17 MR. THOMPSON: Your Honor, I'm not aware, I quess, of 18 a restriction on that, with the understanding that I don't 19 have a full grasp of all the nuances on this area of the law 20 yet. But I guess what I should say is I do anticipate that we 21 will be arguing that the plaintiffs are overstating the effect 22 of SB 1 in their motion. 23 THE COURT: So then, and to be fair to the State, I 24 didn't ask them to be ready to argue any preliminary

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injunctive relief here.

1 And so the reason I'm sort of asking these questions 2 is I'm trying to figure out whether the issues in this case 3 are truly distinctive (audio transmission gap), consolidated 4 cases, and so Mr. Thompson, (audio transmission gap) why they 5 should be consolidated? 6 I'm hearing that the issues in the Longoria matter 7 are solely related to election officials and public officials 8 and solely relate to what type of information --9 So I'm being told that I was -- my audio lost for a 10 moment. Is that correct or not? 11 MR. THOMPSON: A word or two here and there. And I, 12 for some reason, now see the blank screen of the courtroom 13 deputy rather than Your Honor, but I can hear Your Honor fine. 14 THE COURT: And so I see that. 15 Why did the video go out? 16 (Off the record discussion) 17 THE COURT: Okay. There we go. 18 And are you able to hear me now? 19 MR. THOMPSON: Yes, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. 21 So Mr. Thompson, I think where I left off is the 22 Longoria matter seems to be solely related to election 23 officials and public officials and solely related to the legal 24 issue of what they can or cannot say, pursuant to the newly 25 enacted provisions of SB 1.

To the Court, it seems to me that these are distinct issues from the matters raised in the consolidated case, but I'll hear your arguments.

MR. THOMPSON: I appreciate that, Your Honor.

I'll start off by saying that it's worth noting the plaintiffs thought they were related matters because this same claim brought by this same plaintiff was included in the LUPE original complaint that began this litigation.

So ECF-1 on our consolidated docket is the LUPE original complaint. It listed as a plaintiff Isabel Longoria, who is now the plaintiff in Longoria versus Paxton, and it stated the same First Amendment challenge to the same provision of SB 1.

So they thought they were related enough to go together in a complaint before. We certainly think that made sense at the time that the Court was consolidating all of the different SB 1 complaints together, and the fact that they are challenging different aspects of the same law.

It is worth noting that many of the other complaints in this consolidated matter talk about this same provision of SB 1. The Houston Justice plaintiffs are challenging the same provision of SB 1, albeit they say it is on a different theory. I think it's more of a Fourteenth Amendment theory rather than a First and Fourteenth Amendment theory.

Other plaintiffs' complaints — and we're talking

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about the first amended complaints I believe -- talk about 2 this provision as well. Mr. Morales-Doyle has said in his 3 opposition paper that those plaintiffs are not challenging the 4 provision, they are merely including allegations about the 5 provision.

I'm not sure that's accurate. I suppose if it is, I'd like to hear it from the plaintiffs representing -- I'm sorry — from the plaintiffs' lawyers who wrote those complaints to confirm that those issues are not in their complaints as I understood them to be.

And I think, Your Honor, the other aspect of this is kind of separate and apart from whether the two cases are going to be consolidated formally or not. I do think it makes sense that they will have to take account of each other. And that is greatly aided by the fact they are both in front of Your Honor.

But Your Honor may recall, we entered a negotiated schedule, an expedited trial schedule, to consolidate the case, that was expressly premised on the plaintiffs' representation that they would not be seeking preliminary injunction.

We talked about it at the last status conference. Mr. Morales-Doyle spoke about it expressly. He said, "On behalf of the LUPE plaintiffs" — which included plaintiff Longoria -- "We do not intend to seek preliminary injunction." And that was the basis for our schedule.

Now plaintiff Longoria has filed a new claim and a new case seeking a preliminary injunction. That's in conflict with what was said before and we think it undermines the basis of the expedited trial schedule.

So that tension can be resolved in a couple of different ways, Your Honor. I think the thing that makes the most sense, in the light of plaintiff Longoria's previous representation, is to hold the preliminary injunction motion in abeyance, or at least give the State substantial extra time to respond.

But if the Court is inclined to go a different direction, we can talk about adjusting the consolidated trial schedule to account for the fact that the State will now have to respond to a serious preliminary injunction motion filed over the holidays.

THE COURT: Mr. Thompson, let me ask you this then.

Assuming we go that second route, and I guess I need to hear from Mr. Morales-Doyle on this as well, I've been looking at this as solely legal issues. Is any discovery necessary to either prosecute or defend this?

MR. THOMPSON: Yes, Your Honor.

I won't speak on behalf of the plaintiffs, obviously they can. I think they said they don't need discovery, and that's fine with the State of course. The State believes it will need some discovery.

The plaintiffs have submitted at least two declarations. There will likely be at least a little bit of written discovery and two depositions in response to that. But aside from the discovery, there will certainly be factual development that the State will have to do.

While, of course, the State believes it should prevail on some legal issues, of course the Court may not agree with the State on some of the legal issues and may have reached certain factual issues that go to the First Amendment balancing test.

In effect, in this first amended complaint, as you've just stated at a high level of generality, the plaintiffs are asking the Court to weigh the benefits and burdens of the challenged law and ask whether the burdens on related speech are necessary to further compelling government interests.

That means we're going to — as a practical matter, need to put in some evidence regarding the government's compelling interest and how the law furthers that, including, as Your Honor mentioned before, perhaps history related to the types of problems that this law addresses.

THE COURT: I'm not sure you'll need to reference Tammany Hall.

MR. THOMPSON: Perhaps not.

THE COURT: So let me ask you the same question,

1 Mr. Morales-Doyle. Are you-all going to require discovery to 2 prosecute your claims? 3 MR. MORALES-DOYLE: No, Your Honor. 4 At least for purposes of the preliminary injunction, 5 we do not believe discovery is necessary. 6 And I actually think that, given the time frames that 7 we're working with here and the issues that are involved, I 8 am -- I do not understand the State's need for discovery on these issues. 10 To address some of what Mr. Thompson said there, we 11 understood Your Honor in the initial hearing here, certainly 12 we understood that the agreement to an expedited trial 13 schedule was based in part on the plaintiffs in the 14 consolidated cases representing that they would not be seeking 15 preliminary relief, but we also understood Your Honor to be 16 encouraging all of the parties to pursue the prompt resolution 17 of legal issues to the extent possible in this matter. 18 And that is what we are trying to do in this now 19 separate matter of Longoria versus Paxton because we do think 20 that this is a fairly straightforward legal issue. 21 And in fact, if we are right, as we believe we are about the way this law applies to Section 276.016 of the Texas 22

23 Election Code, the State's interest and what they are 24 attempting to — the interest they are attempting to pursue here is, frankly, irrelevant because this is viewpoint-based

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discrimination and per se violative of the First Amendment.

But we — because we don't think that discovery is required, that there are factual issues at issue here that we need a hearing, we don't think that the briefing of a preliminary injunction motion, the filing of one brief by the defendants in this case has any real impact on our ability to proceed with the schedule that we are — we have set in the LUPE matter.

We, of course, agree with Mr. Thompson that while we disagree that these cases should be consolidated, we agree that they are at least related, which is why we marked the Longoria versus Paxton case as a related case and we filed it. And we think it is good that the Court — that both cases are before Your Honor so that they can take account of one another, as Mr. Thompson said.

We don't think that requires changing the schedule in either case. And we certainly don't think that it would make sense to delay the resolution of a motion that is based on irreparable harm to our clients because of the inconvenience of filing a complaint.

THE COURT: Thank you.

So you are correct, Mr. Morales-Doyle, that I did want to see legal issues given to me in increments as opposed to having to decide everything at the end, and so this does allow for that.

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             Mr. Thompson, one other matter that the plaintiffs in
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    Longoria brought up that was fairly persuasive to me, but I'll
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    give you a chance to argue otherwise, I had raised earlier in
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    the consolidated matter the awkwardness of having
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   Miss Longoria as both a plaintiff and a defendant, and that
    cures the issues on joint defense and privilege and everything
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    else. How do you respond to that?
            MR. THOMPSON: Respectfully, Your Honor. I don't
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    think it cures anything. In consolidated cases --
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             THE COURT: I can't hear you, sir. Oh, there you go.
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             MR. THOMPSON: Sorry, Your Honor. Can you hear me
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   now?
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             THE COURT: Yes.
             MR. THOMPSON: In consolidated cases it doesn't
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    affect who is a party to what claims or to what case.
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             So the fact that Isabel Longoria was a defendant in
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    one matter, a plaintiff in another matter, and those two cases
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    were consolidated, didn't make for a plaintiff and a defendant
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    in the same case.
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             By the same token, I understand that perhaps as a
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    practical matter the plaintiffs found it odd and inconvenient
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    to coordinate among themselves when they would have to speak
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    with a lawyer who is representing Isabel Longoria as a
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   plaintiff and as a defendant.
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             I think that's going to be a problem no matter what
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1 for them though. I mean, she is still represented by the same 2 counsel and Mr. Morales-Doyle will still be involved in 3 whatever negotiations there are. So it doesn't -- it's not 4 clear to me at all how they can resolve any awkwardness by 5 talking to the same lawyers and saying, "Oh, well, you know, 6 we don't have a formal consolidation motion here," even though 7 they are related. MR. MORALES-DOYLE: Your Honor, if I may briefly 8 9 address that. 10 THE COURT: Yes, sir. Go ahead. 11 MR. MORALES-DOYLE: Just to be very clear for the 12 record, while I represent Miss Longoria in her capacity as a 13 plaintiff in the Longoria versus Paxton matter, I do not and 14 have never represented her as a defendant in the consolidated 15 cases. 16 So to the extent I am coordinating with the other plaintiffs' council in the LUPE matter, I am not doing so as 17 18 an attorney for Miss Longoria in the LUPE consolidated cases, 19 nor are we coordinating with her defense counsel on her 20 defense of the claims in the LUPE matter, which is why we do 21 think it is important that they remain separate in order to 22 allow for the type of coordination that we understood Your 23 Honor to be encouraging. 24 And I do also just want to note that the State

defendants have raised the potential, and it sounds like

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Mr. Thompson may go into it now, that they may seek discovery 1 2 into the communications between the plaintiffs and the 3 consolidated cases on the basis of the fact that Miss Longoria 4 is also a defendant. 5 And so, you know, it is because of those 6 representations that I think some of the other plaintiffs' 7 counsel, for whom I do not speak, were uncomfortable with the 8 type of coordination that I think Your Honor was encouraging 9 before we separated the case. 10 So while I will say that I think we have waived no 11 common interest privilege, and we were comfortable 12 coordinating with the other plaintiffs' groups, I think as a 13 practical matter it was clear that it was going to be 14 difficult to do so while the cases were consolidated. 15 And I will also just respond to something 16 Mr. Thompson said earlier. I am one of the plaintiffs' 17 counsel that wrote the LUPE plaintiffs' complaint in the 18 consolidated cases, and I will say very clearly that we are 19 not challenging Section 276.016(a)(1) of the Texas Election 20 Code in the LUPE plaintiffs' matter.

And I think all the other plaintiffs' groups will say the same, that these cases, while they both challenge provisions of Senate Bill 1 simply do not challenge the same provisions on the same theory and there will be no common questions of law or fact at issue in the two cases.

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THE COURT: Thank you.

So with regard to the pending motion to consolidate cases, does anyone, any plaintiff from the consolidated cases, Ms. Perales or Mr. Cox, do you want to chime in on this issue?

MR. COX: Judge, on behalf of the OCA-Greater Houston plaintiffs, I think we really just echo what Mr. Morales-Doyle said regarding the difficulty in coordination and in chilling our ability to efficiently resolve the issues in this case. It's something that we found to be a challenge from the beginning.

In addition to the possibility of individual discovery, we also have this concern, of any ability of the plaintiffs to coordinate for efficiency also being potentially subject to official records request of the general public outside of this case, if privileges aren't protected.

And we certainly believe that, you know, there is a privilege there, but at the same time we know that there might be disagreements about that in the future, and it certainly chills our ability to work together for an official resolution of the case.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Anyone else from the plaintiffs' group? No one else.

Does the United States want to make any argument?

MS. PAIKOWSKY: Your Honor, Dana Paikowsky for the

25 United States.

I don't think we have very much to add here. Our interest in this matter is in ensuring that we can have a speedy and efficient resolution and progression of this litigation. We agree that we think consolidation in this instance will undermine that interest and make it difficult for the plaintiff groups to coordinate.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Here's the ruling on the motion to consolidate. It is denied. The Longoria case has distinctive legal issues apart from the consolidated matters. Consolidation will not necessarily reduce the complexity of the consolidated matter.

We can enhance movement of discreet legal issues by proceeding on two tracts in the interest of judicial economy and the interest to the public at large when being benefited by having rulings issued on discrete issues as soon as the Court can reach them.

So motion to consolidate is denied. That is Docket Number 172.

The opposed motion to stay case is denied. That was Docket Number 9 in 1223.

So then we'll have just the opposed motion for preliminary injunction that needs to be addressed.

I will trust that, Counsel, you-all can reach agreements as to what discovery needs to take place prior to a hearing, what the briefing schedule should be. I will count

on you-all to work out those deadlines and present something to me.

If you can't reach agreement on those deadlines, then each party will submit to the Court its own independent version of a scheduling order and then I will make the decisions for you.

As you go forward on both any discovery and briefing, I'll just sort of tip my hat as to issues that I'm already interested in. So, you know, I'm curious about the restrictions that are placed on election officials here. It appears that if you're a private citizen, and fortuitously just today on Texas Public Radio's website I saw an announcement that if, well, if you're the president of the League of Texas Women Voters, you can encourage people to vote by mail and you can pass on all this information.

And so it's kind of odd that if a private individual can do so, well, why the restriction on an election official?

The other oddity in my mind is, well, if you are a public official running for office you get to encourage people to vote by mail. But if you're a public official not running for office, the statute seems to read that you're precluded from encouraging people to vote by mail. And so I'm not sure I understand why the distinction for all of that.

And of course, the League of Women Voters always does a fine job and a fairly neutral job, but isn't it odd that we

1 let private citizens say anything to encourage voting by mail, 2 but election officials, who we should be trusting the most to 3 ensure free and fair elections, are gagged from saying 4 something? That strikes me as kind of odd. 5 So those are the kind of discrepancies that I'm kind 6 of interested in. 7 And also it's unclear to me, by reading of the 8 statute, what general information is, and where is the line. 9 So apparently you might be able to put on your website the same information that the Secretary of State has, 10 but why isn't general information, "You can request a mail-in 11 ballot by sending your application to the following address"? 12 13 I'm uncertain about where the parameters of general information lie. 14 15 So just a heads-up. I'm curious about those kind of 16 issues. 17 MR. THOMPSON: Thank you, Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: Mr. Thompson. 19 MR. THOMPSON: I'm not going to get into the merits 20 of Your Honor's questions right there. I just want a 21 clarification on logistics. 22 I believe that the State defendants, in the absence 23 of a ruling, face an upcoming deadline in the next few days 24 for responding to the PI motion. In light of the fact that 25 the parties are to submit a joint proposal, or if necessary

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    separate proposals, could Your Honor confirm that we need not
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   meet that other deadline?
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             THE COURT: Yes. You are correct. You do not need
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    to meet the deadline as of now.
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             So both of you work out a briefing schedule. Again,
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    if you can't reach an agreement, I will render one for
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    you-all, but I will not hold you to the current deadline.
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            MR. THOMPSON: Thank you, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: I believe for now that handles everything
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    that I was asked to -- that I needed to address for today.
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             But while I have everybody on the line, let's go down
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    the list to see if there are any other matters that we
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   probably should at least talk about or consider right now.
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             From the Longoria case perspective,
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   Mr. Morales-Doyle, is there anything else we need to take up
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    at this time?
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             MR. MORALES-DOYLE: With regard to the Longoria case,
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        I think the schedule and the potential for discovery are
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    the biggest issues, and it sounds like we should be having
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    that conference on our own.
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             I think we do have something to raise in the LUPE
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   matter and I believe Ms. Perales may be prepared to speak on
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   that.
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                         Thank you. We'll get there in a minute.
             THE COURT:
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             From the State's perspective, Mr. Sweeten or
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Mr. Thompson, anything else we need to talk about today?
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             MR. SWEETEN: Your Honor, this is Patrick Sweeten.
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    don't think there are any other issues that the State needs to
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    address today.
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             THE COURT: Thank you.
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             From the plaintiffs in the consolidated matters,
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    anything else we need to discuss today?
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             MS. PERALES: Yes, Your Honor.
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             The plaintiffs would like to inform the Court that we
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    plan to move for leave to file second amended complaints, in
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    light of the recent decision of the Texas Court of Criminal
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    Appeals in a case called State versus Stephens.
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             It's a decision that came down in December,
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   mid-December, right before the holidays, and it relates to the
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    authority of the Attorney General to bring criminal
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    prosecutions for election law violations.
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             Texas has moved for reconsideration, but the
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   plaintiffs do want to alert the Court to the fact that we feel
   that we need to amend our complaints to conform our
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    allegations to that decision.
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             THE COURT: With that amendment -- I'm not even sure
   what number we're at — third amended? Would those amended
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    complaints moot the current motion to dismiss, or not?
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            MS. PERALES: I believe they would, but only
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    slightly. In terms of the amount of work for the Attorney
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General, I think most of the arguments that they have advanced they will still be advancing.

But we need to make changes with respect to the allegations of the kind of scope of the authority of the Attorney General with respect to prosecuting offenses, as well as bringing civil cases for election law offenses under SB 1.

THE COURT: Mr. Sweeten, does the State oppose or not oppose any amended complaints?

MR. SWEETEN: Your Honor, you know, we asked when we were told that they were going to amend the complaint, Mr. Thompson I believe wrote Ms. Perales and asked her to provide, you know, a red line or information about the specifics of what those changes were.

We got a categorical description back, but we were told that that — you know, that we couldn't see those. Now, the Court needs to understand that we are under, obviously, a very compressed schedule.

While Ms. Perales did describe them, it's not completely clear what the changes are. So you know, at this point, we'd like to see what those changes are and assess how they would impact the overall schedule.

As the Court knows, we began filing motions to dismiss in this case, and this Court, you know, had some direction for the parties back in November. And so, you know, it's hard for us to have a position on this without seeing

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what those particular changes are, and what -- you know, how
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    that would impact the overall schedule.
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             So I think the best way would be to -- you know, I
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    think the rules require a filing of what the amended complaint
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    would look like anyway, and then we could assess, upon a
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    filing of those motions, you know, what our position would be
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    vis-a-vis this late change.
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             THE COURT: And that is fair.
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             So when you do file your motion for leave to file an
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    amended complaint, attach the version you would like to file.
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    But then let's provide a courtesy copy to Mr. Sweeten of a red
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    line so he's not having to do a laborious side by side to
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    figure out which words were changed.
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             Anything else that we need to talk about today,
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   Ms. Perales?
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             MS. PERALES: No, Your Honor. Thank you.
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             THE COURT: Anything else from any of the other
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    plaintiffs in the consolidated cases?
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             MR. MORALES-DOYLE: Nothing else, Your Honor.
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             MR. FREEMAN: Nothing from the United States, Your
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    Honor.
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             THE COURT:
                         Thank you, Mr. Freeman. I was going to
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    get to you next. And nothing from the United States.
24
             Okay, very well. Let's see if we can reach
25
    agreements on the Longoria scheduling order.
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1 And then I'll wait for the amended leaves — motions 2 for leave to amend complaints. 3 At some point, though, folks, I have to rule on 4 motions to dismiss, and so I would -- let me think about this 5 here as I'm contemplating this. 6 It seems to me that you ought to respond to the 7 pending motions to dismiss on any areas that you can respond 8 to now, just so we can start teeing up some of this, because at some point, you know, again, you're going to put the Court 10 in a very awkward position if you make me rule on everything 11 at the end and things are not fully briefed. 12 We've got to make this manageable. Hopefully I was 13 clear. 14 Very well. Thank you, everyone. This was productive 15 and we are adjourned. 16 (Proceedings concluded.) 17 -000-18 I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from 19 the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter. I 20 further certify that the transcript fees and format comply 21 with those prescribed by the Court and the Judicial Conference 22 of the United States. 23 Date: 01/18/22 United States Court Reporter 24 262 West Nueve Street San Antonio TX 78207 25 (210) 244-5037 Telephone: